California provides two methods for determining the amount of wages and salaries to be withheld for state personal income tax:

- METHOD A WAGE BRACKET TABLE METHOD (Limited to wages/salaries less than \$1 million)
- METHOD B EXACT CALCULATION METHOD

METHOD A provides a quick & easy way to select the appropriate withholding amount, based on the payroll period, filing status, and number of withholding allowances (regular and additional) if claimed. The STANDARD DEDUCTION and EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE CREDIT are already included in the wage bracket tables. Even though this method involves fewer computations than Method B, it cannot be used with your computer in determining amounts to be withheld.

METHOD B may be used to calculate withholding amounts either manually or by computer. This method will give an exact amount of tax to withhold. To use this method, you must enter the payroll period, filing status, number of withholding allowances, standard deduction, and exemption allowance credit amounts. These amounts are included in TABLES 1 through 5 of the EXACT CALCULATION Section.

If there are any questions concerning the operation/methodology of Method B for computer software, you may contact:

Franchise Tax Board, Statistical Research Section - 516 Mail Stop A-351 P.O. Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR MARRIED EMPLOYEES WITH EMPLOYED SPOUSES: to avoid underwithholding of State income tax liability we recommend that you use one of the following options: Single filing status to compute withholding amounts for the employee and spouse; or withhold an additional flat amount of tax.

Instructions for additional withholding allowances for estimated deductions:

All additional allowances for ESTIMATED DEDUCTIONS that are claimed on a DE 4 must be used to reduce the amount of salaries & wages subject to withholding by using steps 1 and 2 shown below. If the Form W-4 is used for California withholding purposes, all additional allowances for ESTIMATED DEDUCTIONS claimed must be treated as regular withholding allowances; unless the employee requests in writing that they be treated in accordance with the following:

- Subtract the employee's estimated deduction allowance shown in the "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE" from the gross wages subject to withholding; and
- 2. Compute the tax to be withheld using:

METHOD A - WAGE BRACKET TABLE METHOD; or METHOD B - EXACT CALCULATION METHOD

If the DE 4 is used for California withholding purposes, compute the tax to be deducted and withheld based on the total number of regular withholding allowances claimed on line 1 of DE 4.

If the Form W-4 is used for California withholding purposes, compute the tax to be deducted and withheld based on the total number of withholding allowances claimed on line 1 of Form W-4; minus the number of additional allowances for estimated deductions claimed. If Form W-4 does not separately identify the number of additional allowances for estimated deductions, the employee's request must specify the number claimed. The employee's request will remain in effect until the employee terminates it by furnishing a signed written notice or by furnishing a DE 4.

Employers may require employees to file DE 4 when they wish to use additional allowances for estimated deductions to reduce the amount of wages subject to withholding.

#### METHOD B - EXACT CALCULATION METHOD

This method is based upon applying a given percentage to the wages (after deductions) which fall within a taxable income class, adding to this product the accumulated tax for all lower tax brackets; and then subtracting a tax credit based upon the number of allowances claimed on the Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate (Form W-4 or DE 4). This method also takes into consideration the special treatment of additional allowances for estimated deductions.

The steps in computing the amount of tax to be withheld are as follows:

- Step 1 Determine if the employee's gross wages are less than, or equal to, the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE." If so, no income tax is required to be withheld.
- Step 2 If the employee claims any additional withholding allowances for estimated deductions on a DE 4 form, subtract the amount shown in "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE" from the gross wages.
- Step 3 Subtract the standard deduction amount shown in "TABLE 3 STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE" to arrive at the employee's taxable income.
- Step 4 Use "TABLE 5 TAX RATE TABLE" for the payroll period and marital status to find the applicable line on which the taxable income is located. Perform the indicated calculations to arrive at the computed tax liability.
- Step 5 Subtract the tax credit shown in "TABLE 4 EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE"\* from the computed tax liability to arrive at the amount of tax to be withheld.
- \* If the employee uses additional allowances claimed for estimated deductions, such allowances MUST NOT be used in the determination of tax credits to be subtracted.
- EXAMPLE A: Weekly earnings of \$225.00, single, and claiming one withholding allowance on form W-4 or DE 4.
- Step 1 Earnings for the weekly payroll period are LESS than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$235.00); therefore, no income tax is to be withheld.
- EXAMPLE B: Biweekly earnings of \$1,250.00, married, and claiming three withholding allowances, one of which is for estimated deductions.
- Step 1 Earnings for the biweekly payroll period are GREATER than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$940.00); therefore, income tax should be withheld.
- Step 2 Earnings for biweekly payroll period. \$1,250.00
  Subtract amount from "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE". \_\_-38.00
  Salaries and wages subject to withholding. \$1,212.00
- Step 3 Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE". -284.00

  Taxable income. \$928.00
- Step 4 Tax computation from "TABLE 5 TAX RATE TABLE": Entry covering \$928.00 (over \$552.00 but not over \$1,308.00).
  - 2% of amount over \$552.00 (.02 x (\$928.00 552.00)).
     Plus the marginal amount.
     Computed tax.

    7.52
    +5.52
    13.04
- Step 5 Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for two regular withholding allowances.

  Net amount of tax to be withheld.

  5.42
- NOTE: Table 5 provides a method comparable to the federal alternative method for percentage calculation of withholding. This method is a minor simplification of the exact calculation method described above in that the tax rate applies to the total taxable income with the excess amount subtracted.

	METHOD B - EXACT CALCULATION METHOD (CONTINUED)	
EXAMPLE C:	Monthly earnings of \$3,800.00, married, and claiming five withholding allowances on fo	orm W-4 or DE 4.
Step 1	Earnings for the monthly payroll period are GREATER than the amount shown in "TABL INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$2,038.00); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	.E 1 - LOW
Step 2 Step 3	Earnings for monthly payroll period.  Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.  Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE".	\$3,800.00 -615.00
Step 4	Taxable income.  Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	\$3,185.00
22.4	<ul> <li>Entry covering \$3,185.00 (over \$2,832.00 but not over \$4,472.00)</li> </ul>	
	• 4% of amount over \$2,832.00 (.04 x (\$3,185.00 - \$2,832.00))	\$ 14.12
	<ul> <li>Plus marginal tax amount.</li> <li>Computed tax.</li> </ul>	<u>+44.68</u> \$ 58.80
Step 5	Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 – EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for	Ψ 30.00
•	5 regular withholding allowances.	41.25
	Net amount of tax to be withheld.	\$ 17.55
EXAMPLE D:	Weekly earnings of \$800.00, unmarried head of household, three withholding allowances	s on form W-4 or DE 4.
Step 1	Earnings for the weekly payroll period are GREATER than the amount shown in "TABLE INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$470.00); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	1 - LOW
20. 20	Earnings for weekly payroll period.	\$ 800.00
Step 2	Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.	440.00
Step 3	Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE".  Taxable income.	<u>-142.00</u> \$ 658.00
Step 4	Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	<b>\$</b> 000.00
	<ul> <li>Entry covering \$658.00 (over \$654.00 but not over \$843.00).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>4% of amount over \$654.00 (.04 x (\$658.00 - \$654.00)).</li> <li>Plus marginal tax amount.</li> </ul>	\$ 0.16
	Computed tax.	+10.32 \$ 10.48
Step 5	Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for	Ψ 10.40
	3 regular withholding allowances.	-5.71
NOTE:	Net amount of tax to be withheld.	\$ 4,77
	Employers may determine the amount of income tax to be withheld for an annual payroll prorate the tax back to the payroll period. This method may be useful to employers who being paid for more than one payroll period and want to conserve computer memory by sannual tax rates, wage brackets, deduction values, and tax credits.	have employees
EXAMPLE E:	Semi-monthly earnings of \$1,800.00, married, and claiming four allowances on form W-4	or DE 4.
	Earnings for the semi-monthly payroll period are GREATER than the amount shown in "TINCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$1,019.00); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	ABLE 1 - LOW
	Annualized wages and salary (24 x \$1,800.00).  Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.	\$43,200.00
Step 3	Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE".  Taxable income.	<u>-7,384.00</u> \$35,816.00
Step 4	Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":  • Entry covering \$35,816.00(over \$33,988.00 but not over \$53,642.00)	122121212
	• 4% of amount over \$33,988.00 (.04 x (\$35,816.00 - \$33,988.00)).	\$ 73.12
	Plus marginal tax amount.	+536.40
	Computed annual tax.  Subtract amount from "TARLE 4. EXEMPTION ALL OWANGE TARLE" for	\$ 609.52
	Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for 4 regular withholding allowances.	-396.00
	Annual amount of tax to be withheld.	\$ 213.52
	Divide by number of payroll periods in year (24).	\$ 8.90

# METHOD B - EXACT CALCULATION METHOD (CONTINUED)

Employers may determine the amount of income tax to be withheld for an annual payroll period and figure the tax for the payroll period. This method may be useful to employers who have employees being paid for a lump sum, or a yearly amount not withheld on; and want to conserve computer memory by storing only the annual tax rates, wage brackets, deduction values, and tax credits.

EXAMPLE F: Annual earnings of \$45,000.00, monthly pay period, married, and claiming four allowances on form W-4 or DE 4.

Step 1	Earnings for the annual payroll period are GREATER than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 - LOW
	INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$24,452.00); therefore, income tax should be withheld.

Annualized wages and/or monthly salary (12 x \$3,750.00).  Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed	\$45,000.00
	7.004.00
	7,384.00
AND THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	\$37,616.00
Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	
<ul> <li>Entry covering \$37,616.00(over \$33,988.00 but not over \$53,642.00)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>4% of amount over \$33,988.00 (.04 x (\$37,616.00 - \$33,988.00)).</li> </ul>	\$ 145.12
Plus marginal tax amount.	+536.40
Computed annual tax.	\$ 681.52
Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for	, 1 11110
4 regular withholding allowances.	-396.00
Annual amount of tax to be withheld.	\$ 285.52
(Divide by number of payroll periods in year (12).	\$ 23.79
	Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.  Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE".  Taxable income.  Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":  Entry covering \$37,616.00(over \$33,988.00 but not over \$53,642.00)  4% of amount over \$33,988.00 (.04 x (\$37,616.00 - \$33,988.00)).  Plus marginal tax amount.  Computed annual tax.  Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for

### TABLE 1 - LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE

**********	SINGLE,	MAR	RIED	
	DUAL INCOME MARRIED			UNMARRIED
	OR MARRIED WITH	ALLOWANCES (	ON DE 4 OR W-4	HEAD OF
PAYROLL PERIOD	MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS	'0' OR '1'	'2' OR MORE	HOUSEHOLD
WEEKLY	\$235	\$235	\$470	\$470
BIWEEKLY	\$470	\$470	\$940	\$940
SEMI-MONTHLY	\$509	\$509 .	\$1,019	\$1,019
MONTHLY	\$1,019	\$1,019	\$2,038	\$2,038
QUARTERLY	\$3,057	\$3,057	\$6,113	\$6,113
SEMI-ANNUAL	\$6,113	\$6,113	\$12,226	\$12,226
ANNUAL	\$12,226	\$12,226	\$24.452	\$24,452
DAILY/MISCELLANEOUS	\$47	\$47	\$94	\$94

#### TABLE 2 - ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE

ADDITIONAL			PAY	ROLL PERIO	D			
WITHHOLDING		BI-	SEMI-			SEMI-		DAILY
ALLOWANCES *	WEEKLY	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	ANNUAL	MISC
1	\$19	\$38	\$42	\$83	\$250	\$500	\$1,000	\$4
2	\$38	\$77	\$83	\$167	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$8
3	\$58	\$115	\$125	\$250	\$750	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$12
4	\$77	\$154	\$167	\$333	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$15
5	\$96	\$192	\$208	\$417	\$1,250	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$19
6	\$115	\$231	\$250	\$500	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$6,000	\$23
7	\$135	\$269	\$292	\$583	\$1,750	\$3,500	\$7,000	\$27
8	\$154	\$308	\$333	\$667	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$8,000	\$31
9	\$173	\$346	\$375	\$750	\$2,250	\$4,500	\$9,000	\$35
10**	\$192	\$385	\$417	\$833	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$38

<sup>\*</sup> Number of Additional Withholding Allowances for Estimated Deductions claimed on Form DE 4 or W-4.

<sup>\*\*</sup> If the number of Additional Withholding Allowances for Estimated Deductions claimed is greater than 10, multiply the amount shown for one Additional Allowance by the number claimed.

#### TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE

	SINGLE,	MARI	RIED	
2	DUAL INCOME MARRIED			UNMARRIED
	OR MARRIED WITH	ALLOWANCES (	ON DE 4 OR W-4	HEAD OF
PAYROLL PERIOD	MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS	'0' OR '1'	'2' OR MORE	HOUSEHOLD
WEEKLY	\$71	\$71	\$142	\$142
BIWEEKLY	\$142	\$142	\$284	\$284
SEMI-MONTHLY	\$154	\$154	\$308	\$308
MONTHLY	\$308	\$308	\$615	\$615
QUARTERLY	\$923	\$923	\$1,846	\$1,846
SEMI-ANNUAL	\$1,846	\$1,846	\$3,692	\$3,692
ANNUAL	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$7,384	\$7,384
DAILY/MISCELLANEOUS	\$14	\$14	\$28	\$28

### TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE

			PAY	ROLL PERIO	D			
ALLOWANCES ON DE 4 OR W-4	WEEKLY	BI- WEEKLY	SEMI- MONTHLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	SEMI- ANNUAL	ANNUAL	DAILY
0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
1	\$1.90	\$3.81	\$4.13	\$8.25	\$24.75	\$49.50	\$99.00	\$0.38
2	\$3.81	\$7.62	\$8.25	\$16.50	\$49.50	\$99.00	\$198.00	\$0.76
3	\$5.71	\$11.42	\$12.38	\$24.75	\$74.25	\$148.50	\$297.00	\$1.14
4	\$7.62	\$15.23	\$16.50	\$33.00	\$99.00	\$198.00	\$396.00	\$1.52
5	\$9.52	\$19.04	\$20.63	\$41.25	\$123.75	\$247.50	\$495.00	\$1.90
6	\$11.42	\$22.85	\$24.75	\$49.50	\$148.50	\$297.00	\$594.00	\$2.28
7	\$13.33	\$26.65	\$28.88	\$57.75	\$173.25	\$346.50	\$693.00	\$2.67
8	\$15.23	\$30.46	\$33.00	\$66.00	\$198.00	\$396.00	\$792.00	\$3.05
9	\$17.13	\$34.27	\$37.13	\$74.25	\$222.75	\$445.50	\$891.00	\$3.43
10*	\$19.04	\$38.08	\$41.25	\$82.50	\$247.50	\$495.00	\$990.00	\$3.81

<sup>\*</sup> If the number of allowances claimed exceeds 10, you may determine the amount of tax credit to be allowed by multiplying the amount for one allowance by the total number of allowances.

For example, the amount of tax credit for a married taxpayer with 15 allowances, as determined on Form DE 4 or W-4, on a weekly payroll period would be \$28.50.

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OVER	OVER		ER	1200	01211	OVER	OVE		, 200
\$0	\$7,168	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$28	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$7,168	\$16,994	2.0%	\$7,168	\$71.68	\$28	\$65	2.0%	\$28	\$0.28
\$16,994	\$26,821	4.0%	\$16,994	\$268.20	\$65	\$103	4.0%	\$65	\$1.02
\$26,821	\$37,233	6.0%	\$26,821	\$661.28	\$103	\$143	6.0%	\$103	\$2.54
\$37,233	\$47,055	8.0%	\$37,233	\$1,286.00	\$143	\$181	8.0%	\$143	\$4.94
\$47,055	\$1,000,000	9.3%	\$47,055	\$2,071.76	\$181	\$3,846	9.3%	\$181	\$7.98
\$1,000,000			\$1,000,000		\$3,846	and over	10.3%	\$3,846	\$348.83
	MARRIE	D PERSO	NS			MARRIE	D PERSON	IS	
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INCOME IS		THE CO	OMPUTED T	AX IS	INCOME IS		THE CO	MPUTED TA	AX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AM OVE		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS
\$0	\$14,336	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$56	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$14,336	\$33,988	2.0%	\$14,336	\$143.36	\$56	\$130	2.0%	\$56	\$0.56
\$33,988	\$53,642	4.0%	\$33,988	\$536.40	\$130	\$206	4.0%	\$130	\$2.04
\$53,642	\$74,466	6.0%	\$53,642	\$1,322.56	\$206	\$286	6.0%	\$206	\$5.08
\$74,466	\$94,110	8.0%	\$74,466	\$2,572.00	\$286	\$362	8.0%	\$286	\$9.88
\$94,110	\$1,000,000	9.3%	\$94,110	\$4,143.52	\$362	\$3,846	9.3%	\$362	\$15.96
\$1,000,000	and over		\$1,000,000	\$88,391.29	\$3,846	and over	10.3%	\$3,846	\$339.97
	UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HO	USEHOLD			UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HOL	JSEHOLD	
IF THE TAX	ABLE				IF THE TAX	ABLE			
INCOME IS.	••	THE CO	MPUTED T	AX IS	INCOME IS		THE COM	MPUTED TA	AX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS
\$0	\$14,345	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$55	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$14,345	\$33,989	2.0%	\$14,345	\$143.45	\$55	\$131	2.0%	\$55	\$0.55
\$33,989	\$43,814	4.0%	\$33,989	\$536.33	\$131	\$169	4.0%	\$131	\$2.07
\$43,814	\$54,225	6.0%	\$43,814	\$929.33	\$169	\$209	6.0%	\$169	\$3.59
\$54,225	\$64,050	8.0%	\$54,225	\$1,553.99	\$209	\$246	8.0%	\$209	\$5.99
\$64,050	\$1,000,000	9.3%	\$64,050	\$2,339.99	\$246	\$3,846	9.3%	\$246	\$8.95
\$1,000,000	and over		\$1,000,000	\$89,383.34	\$3,846	and over	10.3%	\$3,846	\$343.75

	PERSONS, DUAL I RIED WITH MULTI					PERSONS, DUAL RIED WITH MULT				
IF THE TAX		THE C	OMPUTED	TAX IS	IF THE TA		THE C	THE COMPUTED TAX IS		
OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS	
\$0	\$1,792	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$3,584	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	
\$1,792	\$4,249	2.0%	\$1,792	\$17.92	\$3,584	\$8,498	2.0%	The second secon		
\$4,249	\$6,705	4.0%	\$4,249	\$67.06	\$8,498	\$13,410	4.0%			
\$6,705	Control of the Contro	6.0%			\$13,410	\$18,616	6.0%			
\$9,308	\$11,764	8.0%			\$18,616	\$23,528	8.0%			
\$11,764	\$249,999	9.3%		\$517.96	\$23,528	\$499,998	9.3%	\$23,528		
\$249,999	and over	10.3%			\$499,998	and over	10.3%		\$45,347.63	
	MARRIED PERSONS					MARRIE	D PERSO			
IF THE TAX	ABLE				IF THE TAX	(ARI E				
INCOME IS		THE C	OMPUTED T	AX IS	INCOME IS		THE CO	THE COMPUTED TAX IS		
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AM OVE		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AM OVE		PLUS	
\$0	\$3,584	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$7,168	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	
\$3,584	\$8,498	2.0%	\$3,584	\$35.84	\$7,168	\$16,996	2.0%	\$7,168		
\$8,498	\$13,410	4.0%	\$8,498	\$134.12	\$16,996	\$26,820	4.0%	\$16,996		
\$13,410	\$18,616	6.0%	\$13,410	\$330.60	\$26,820	\$37,232	6.0%	\$26,820	\$661.20	
\$18,616	\$23,528	8.0%	\$18,616	\$642.96	\$37,232	\$47,056	8.0%	\$37,232		
\$23,528	\$249,999	9.3%	\$23,528	\$1,035.92	\$47,056	\$499,998	9.3%	\$47,056	\$2,071.84	
\$249,999	and over	10.3%	\$249,999	\$22,097.72	\$499,998	and over	10.3%		\$44,195.45	
	UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HO	USEHOLD			UNMARRIED/HE/	AD OF HO			
F THE TAXA	ARI F				IF THE TAX	ADIC				
NCOME IS		THE CO	MPUTED TA	AX IS	INCOME IS.		THE CO	MPUTED T	AX IS	
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	
\$0	\$3,586	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$7,172	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	
\$3,586	\$8,497	2.0%	\$3,586	\$35.86	\$7,172	\$16,994	2.0%	\$7,172	\$71.72	
\$8,497	\$10,954	4.0%	\$8,497	\$134.08	\$16,994	\$21,908	4.0%	\$16,994	\$268.16	
\$10,954	\$13,556	6.0%	\$10,954	\$232.36	\$21,908	\$27,112	6.0%	\$21,908	\$464.72	
								12		
\$13,556	\$16,013	0.0%	\$13,330	<b>\$300.40</b>	DZ1.112	332.UZD	8 11%	\$27 112	\$//E QE	
\$13,556 \$16,013	\$16,013 \$249,999	8.0% 9.3%	\$13,556 \$16,013	\$388.48 \$585.04	\$27,112 \$32,026	\$32,026 \$499,998	8.0% 9.3%	\$27,112 \$32,026	\$776.96 \$1,170.08	

	SINGLE PERSONS, DUAL INCOME MARRIED, OR MARRIED WITH MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS					[2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2]					
IF THE TAX	ABLE				IF THE TAXABLE						
INCOME IS.	••	THE CO	OMPUTED T	AX IS	INCOME IS	S	THE CO	OMPUTED T	TAX IS		
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AM OVE		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AM OVE		PLUS		
\$0	\$299	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$598	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00		
\$299	\$708	2.0%	\$299	\$2.99	\$598	\$1,416	2.0%	\$598	\$5.98		
\$708	\$1,118	4.0%	\$708	\$11.17	\$1,416	\$2,236	4.0%	\$1,416	\$22.34		
\$1,118	\$1,551	6.0%	\$1,118	\$27.57	\$2,236	\$3,102	6.0%	\$2,236	\$55.14		
\$1,551	\$1,961	8.0%	\$1,551	\$53.55	\$3,102	\$3,922	8.0%	\$3,102	\$107.10		
\$1,961	\$41,667	9.3%	\$1,961	\$86.35	\$3,922	\$83,334	9.3%	\$3,922	\$172.70		
\$41,667	and over	10.3%	\$41,667	\$3,779.01	\$83,334	and over	10.3%	\$83,334	\$7,558.02		
MARRIED PERSONS						MARRIE	D PERSO	NS			
IF THE TAXA	ABLE				IF THE TAXABLE						
INCOME IS			INCOME IS		THE CO	MPUTED T	AX IS				
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMOUNT OVER		PLUS		
\$0	\$598	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$1.196	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00		
\$598	\$1,416	2.0%	\$598	\$5.98	\$1,196	\$2,832	2.0%	\$1,196	\$11.96		
\$1,416	\$2,236	4.0%	\$1,416	\$22.34	\$2,832	\$4,472	4.0%	\$2,832	\$44.68		
\$2,236	\$3,102	6.0%	\$2,236	\$55.14	\$4,472	\$6,204	6.0%	\$4,472	\$110.28		
\$3,102	\$3,922	8.0%	\$3,102	\$107.10	\$6,204	\$7,844	8.0%	\$6,204	\$214.20		
\$3,922	\$41,667	9.3%	\$3,922	\$172.70	\$7,844	\$83,334	9.3%	\$7,844	\$345.40		
\$41,667	and over	10.3%	\$41,667	\$3,682.99	\$83,334	and over	10.3%	\$83,334	\$7,365.97		
	UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HOL	JSEHOLD		2	UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HO	USEHOLD	Butesinine.		
IF THE TAXA INCOME IS		THE CO	MPUTED TA	X IS	IF THE TAX		THE COMPUTED TAX IS				
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS		
\$0	\$598	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$1,196	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00		
\$598	\$1,416	2.0%	\$598	\$5.98	\$1,196	\$2,832	2.0%	\$1,196	\$11.96		
\$1,416	\$1,826	4.0%	\$1,416	\$22.34	\$2,832	\$3,652	4.0%	\$2,832	\$44.68		
\$1,826	\$2,259	6.0%	\$1,826	\$38.74	\$3,652	\$4,518	6.0%	\$3,652	\$77.48		
	\$2,669	8.0%	\$2,259	\$64.72	\$4,518	\$5,338	8.0%	\$4,518	\$129.44		
\$2.259											
\$2,259 \$2,669	\$41,667	9.3%	\$2,669	\$97.52	\$5,338	\$83,334	9.3%	\$5,338	\$195.04		

	ERSONS, DUAL II IED WITH MULTIF					PERSONS, DUAL RIED WITH MULT			
IF THE TAX					IF THE TA	XABLE			
INCOME IS			OMPUTED 1	AX IS	INCOME IS	5	THE CO	DMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER BUT NOT		OF AM	OUNT	PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT	OF AM	OUNT	PLUS
	OVER	OVE	R	, 200	OVEN	OVER	OVE		7 200
\$0	\$138	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$276	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$138	\$327	2.0%	\$138	\$1.38	\$276	\$654	2.0%	\$276	
\$327	\$516	4.0%	\$327	\$5.16	\$654	\$1,032	4.0%	\$654	역
\$516	\$716	6.0%	\$516	\$12.72	\$1,032	\$1,432	6.0%	\$1,032	
\$716	\$905	8.0%	\$716	\$24.72	\$1,432	\$1,810	8.0%	\$1,432	성
\$905	\$19,231	9.3%	\$905	\$39.84	\$1,810	\$38,462	9.3%	\$1,810	
\$19,231	and over	10.3%	\$19,231	\$1,744.16	\$38,462	and over	10.3%	\$38,462	
	MARRIE	D PERSON	NS.			MARRIE	D PERSO		
E THE TAY	NOME THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVE O		1				DI LINGO		
F THE TAXA NCOME IS		THE CC	MPUTED T	AX IS	IF THE TAX	31.137.137.137	THE COMPUTED TAX		TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		OF AMOUNT OVER	
\$0	\$276	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$552	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$276	\$654	2.0%	\$276	\$2.76	\$552	\$1,308	2.0%	\$552	\$5.52
\$654	\$1,032	4.0%	\$654	\$10.32	\$1,308	\$2,064	4.0%	\$1,308	\$20.64
\$1,032	\$1,432	6.0%	\$1,032	\$25.44	\$2,064	\$2,864	6.0%	\$2,064	\$50.88
\$1,432	\$1,810	8.0%	\$1,432	\$49.44	\$2,864	\$3,620	8.0%	\$2,864	\$98.88
\$1,810	\$19,231	9.3%	\$1,810	\$79.68	\$3,620	\$38,462	9.3%	\$3,620	\$159.36
\$19,231	and over	10.3%	\$19,231	\$1,699.83	\$38,462	and over	10.3%	\$38,462	\$3,399.67
	UNMARRIED/HE/	AD OF HOL	JSEHOLD			UNMARRIED/HE	AD OF HO	USEHOLD	
THE TAXA	BLF				IF THE TAX				
COME IS		THE CO	MPUTED TA	X IS	INCOME IS.		THE CO	MPUTED T	AX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS
\$0	\$276	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$552	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$276	\$654	2.0%	\$276	\$2.76	\$552	\$1,308	2.0%	\$552	\$5.52
\$654	\$843	4.0%	\$654	\$10.32	\$1,308	\$1,686	4.0%	\$1,308	\$20.64
\$843	\$1,043	6.0%	\$843	\$17.88	\$1,686	\$2,086	6.0%	\$1,686	\$35.76
\$1,043	\$1,232	8.0%	\$1,043	\$29.88	\$2,086	\$2,464	8.0%	\$2,086	\$59.76
\$1,232	\$19,231	9.3%	\$1,232	\$45.00	\$2,464	\$38,462	9.3%	\$2,464	\$90.00
	and over	10.3%	\$19,231	\$1,718.91	\$38,462	and over	10.3%	\$38,462	\$3,437.81